E BEST HAM IN THE WORLD

TRADE MARK

FRS WHITTAKER'S STAR SUGAR CURED HAMS

ST LOUIS MO

W[illegible]'S
TAR BRAND,
UGAR CURED HAMS,

[illegible] Erie and [illegible]

OF

Latest Designs and Coloring.

LOWER PRICES than any other establishment.

P. & B.

IS THE BEST

FOR ROOFS, IRON,

Brand Absolute protection of Piles and sub Protects Iron Water, Sold and Almost proof from rust Wood from insects and decay Preserved against Fire, Weather, Steam and Fumes, Acids and Gases. Paint for Iron and Wooden Ships Car Coated with Roofs and Outside Work will Last Twice as Long. Specially adapted for Coal Tar Roofs. Prevents Tarpaulins and waterproofing and preserving Cracking, Blistering, Rotting and Leaking. Harness Boots Buggy tops etc. rendered Pliable in Cold Weather. Impervious to Heat. Send for Circulars and Testimonials. Agents Wanted in every town. Liberal Discount to the Trade. Address

P. & B. ROOFING COMPANY,

Sole Manufacturers of the Celebrated P. & B. PREPARATIVE—For Tarring Roofs, Ropes and Rigging. P. & B. DEATH COMPOUND—For Tarring Decks, Seams and Rough Iron. P. & B. LEATHER PRESERVATIVE—Keeps Leather of all Kinds absolutely water proof. Restores the suppleness of Leather. Restored in every case. Send for Circulars and Testimonials. Agents Wanted in every town.

JAMES LAIDLAW & CO.,

Sole Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory.

H. E. BRIDGES, Oil Sulphur and General Agent.

FRANCIS WHITTAKER & SONS,

ST LOUIS MO

Latest Styles

—IN—

LINERY GOODS!

YOU WANT TO SELL?

NDERSIGNED HAVE THE VERY BEST ties for Advertising all over the Western rough each, These people will like to point and piece of property in view. n want to sell your Farm, Mill, Mine, or other business. We can send you a pur- For particulars address

E. & J. T. McCOMAS,

Investors Land, Mining and Stock Exchange, and 90 Adams Express Building, Chicago.

PPLES

ost in the or suits of all fruits may be had h in the perfection of its early ripeness. By using the A ple jelly put up in wooden 25 and 50 lb pails, and this consists ... and can be had by HAKKER & CO, regon The pure bear Brandi juice o rom sound ripe apples by Blaker's process ... ight color and consistency of the United ... are at skill that neither taste nor smell ... the product is prepared only by A. Blaker ... ded, or Every package bearing their name ... tend to be full weight and best quality and ... fully enjoyed to the last. Put up in wooden ... the trade in lots to suit, by H. Reno & Co. Flint, Mason, and at retail by W. Reno & Co. First ... Ross, C. Morrison, Morgan & Burnside, J. Barrett East Portland and D. L. Lenhoff, land.

EWARE OF Imitations.

SMOKE TANSILL'S PUNCH 5c CIGAR THE HAVANA FILLED

W. T. SULPHUR SPRINGS, PALACE HOTEL, Oak and Ash sts., Ashland, Or.

ention. I may refers to Southern Oregon for the above named springs, which are in point of ... erior to the famous White Sulphur Springs of ... The curative properties of these waters for ... and other diseases is too well known to ... than a passing mention. The house is not ... thing neat and clean, and the table always ... with the very best the market affords, ... and polite attention guaranteed to guests. ... coach to and from depot. ... rental parcels office in the Palace Hotel ... a free room, in the Pioneer hotel building, ... their disposal for displaying their samples. ... P. H. MAYFIELD Proprietor

HOLLISTER & MERRILL, Manufacturers of Red Rubber Stamps, STENCILS SEALS ETC., 62 First St. Portland, Or. Sole Agts. for Columbia Bicycles

Visiting Cards

NOON, AFTERNOON EVENING, ... no class to any age or occupation sex, at the LAND BUSINESS COLLEGE, ... & Yamhill Sts. A. P. ARMSTRONG, Prin.

Long Looked For!

COME AT LAST

THE PACIFIC INCUBATOR

Hatches Eggs better than a hen. The Best machine in the World. Send stamp for Illustrated Catalogue to GEO. B. BAYLISS, Manufacturer, Box 1309, Oakland, California.

RTIN WAGNER & CO., PACKERS OF ers, Fruits, Vegetables

use our goods to be of the best quality, and ... packed, according to the rules of the Chicago ... Chicago of Baltimore.

... Factory—1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th ... Boston st., Baltimore, Md. ... Portland ... J. GORMAN, General Agent, Portland, Or.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. 25, NO. 7732. PORTLAND, OREGON, FRIDAY, APRIL 17, 1885. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

W. ALTER BROS.,

65 First street, Ogden Block

[illegible] Erie and [illegible] PAPER

OF

Latest Designs and Coloring.

LOWER PRICES than any other establishment.

P. & B.

IS THE BEST

FOR ROOFS, IRON,

Brand Absolute protection of Piles and sub Protects Iron Water, Sold and Almost proof from rust Wood from insects and decay Preserved against Fire, Weather, Steam and Fumes, Acids and Gases. Paint for Iron and Wooden Ships Car Coated with Roofs and Outside Work will Last Twice as Long. Specially adapted for Coal Tar Roofs. Prevents Tarpaulins and waterproofing and preserving Cracking, Blistering, Rotting and Leaking. Harness Boots Buggy tops etc. rendered Pliable in Cold Weather. Impervious to Heat. Send for Circulars and Testimonials. Agents Wanted in every town. Liberal Discount to the Trade. Address

P. & B. ROOFING COMPANY,

Sole Manufacturers of the Celebrated P. & B. PREPARATIVE—For Tarring Roofs, Ropes and Rigging. P. & B. DEATH COMPOUND—For Tarring Decks, Seams and Rough Iron. P. & B. LEATHER PRESERVATIVE—Keeps Leather of all Kinds absolutely water proof. Restores the suppleness of Leather. Restored in every case. Send for Circulars and Testimonials. Agents Wanted in every town.

JAMES LAIDLAW & CO.,

Sole Agents for Oreg. n and Wash ington Territory.

H. E. BRIDGES, Oil Sulphur and General Agent.

66 North Front street,

PORTLAND, OR.

SUPPLIES

—FOR—

Engineers, Railways, Factories, AND Mines.

VARNISHES!

We offer ex steam

To the Trade:

Hall Dixon & Co's Super or and Reliable Varnishes and Japans.

30 Barrels Asphaltums,
10 Barrels Furniture,
10 Barrels Japans,
5 Barrels Coach,
5 Barrels Rubber,
5 Barrels No. 0 Pale Oil,
Other Fine Goods, etc., etc.

JAMES LAIDLAW & CO., AGENTS.

FREEBORN & CO.,

DECORA PORS

—AND—

Paper Hangers and Paper Dealers, etc.

Have removed to

20, 122 THIRD STREET.

(Opposite their old place)

The Exclusive Wall Paper House in the City

For Line of Goods in Latest Designs.

AGENTS FOR

Patent Glacier Decorations,

A perfect imitation of Stained Glass.

DO YOU WANT TO SELL?

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THE VERY BEST facilities for Advertising all over the Western States, their business will be the sale of the Medicine Medicine and through the Chicago papers. Having experience and intimate acquaintance all over Idaho and Eastern Oregon and Washington Territory in these localities. Thousands of people coming homes in the West, but are undecided as to where to go, and as Through Tickets seem the choice they too frequently pass through the country without ever hearing of them, and similarly with those who are in the market to purchase, ... and polite attention guaranteed to guests. ... coach to and from depot. ... rental parcels office in the Palace Hotel ... a free room, in the Pioneer hotel building, ... their disposal for displaying their samples. ... P. H. MAYFIELD Proprietor

HOLLISTER & MERRILL, Manufacturers of Red Rubber Stamps, STENCILS SEALS ETC., 62 First St. Portland, Or. Sole Agts. for Columbia Bicycles

Visiting Cards

NOON, AFTERNOON EVENING, ... no class to any age or occupation sex, at the LAND BUSINESS COLLEGE, ... & Yamhill Sts. A. P. ARMSTRONG, Prin.

Long Looked For!

COME AT LAST

THE PACIFIC INCUBATOR

Hatches Eggs better than a hen. The Best machine in the World. Send stamp for Illustrated Catalogue to GEO. B. BAYLISS, Manufacturer, Box 1309, Oakland, California.

RTIN WAGNER & CO., PACKERS OF ers, Fruits, Vegetables

use our goods to be of the best quality, and ... packed, according to the rules of the Chicago ... Chicago of Baltimore.

... Factory—1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th ... Boston st., Baltimore, Md. ... Portland ... J. GORMAN, General Agent, Portland, Or.

BUSINESS SPECIALS

CHRISTY & WISE,
Merchants, Ainsworth Bank building Third and Oak Wool Commission Merchants.

A. ROBERTS, First and Alder, Leading Clothier and Hatter, First class work.

NEW YORK JEWELRY CO., 107 First st Sole Agents for Rockford Railroad Watches.

SHOW CASES. Dixon, Bernstein & Co Mfrs, No. 108 Front, Portland—87 Market, S F

SHANNON & CO., Victoria, B C. Real Estate, Coal, Iron, Lime, Timber Lands etc., in British Columbia & Puget Sound, W T

CARTWRIGHT English Watchmaker, 58½ First (formerly at Stade's Ellis country orders

PAINT

INVENTED

TIN AND WOOD.

Merged Wood from Termites and Worms. Is from rust Wood from insects and decay Paint for Iron and Wooden Ships Car panlins and waterproofing and preserving

For Harness Boots Buggy tops etc. rendered Pliable in Cold Weather. Impervious to Heat. Send for Circulars and Testimonials. Agents Wanted in every town. Liberal Discount to the Trade. Address

LAW & CO.,

Agents for Oreg. n and Wash ington Territory

WHITTIER, FULLER & Co.

—WHOLESALE—

Paints, Oils, Window Glass,

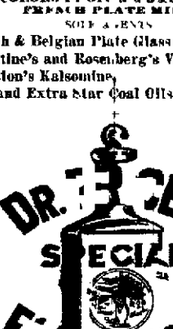
38 and 40 North Front Street.

MANUFACTURERS

PIONEER WHITE LEAD, PACIFIC RUBBER PAINT COLORS IN OIL and JAPAN, FRENCH PLATE MIRRORS, etc.

SOLE AGENTS

French & Belgian Plate Glass Companies, Valentine's and Rosenberg's Varnishes, Johnston's Kalsomine, Star and Extra Star Coal Oils.

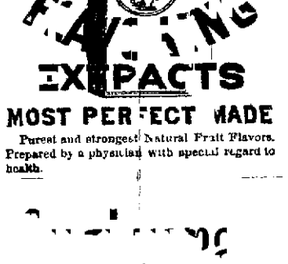


DR. TEBBETS SPECIAL FACTS

MOST PERFECT MADE

Purest and strongest Natural Fruit Flavors. Prepared by a physician with special regard to health.

ESTABLISHED 40 YEARS.



For Inflammation, Hemorrhages, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Diphtheria, Catarrh, Wounds, Bruises, Scalds, Sores, Sprains, Piles, &c.

CAUTION—See that the words "Pond's Extract" are blown in each bottle inclosed in a buff-colored wrapper, bearing our landscape trade-mark—none other is genuine.

Pond's Extract is Never Sold in Bulk.

HAVE IT IN YOUR HOMES.

POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK.

BABY USE CUTICURA SOAP an exquisite Skin Beautifier

Infantile Skin Beautifiers Appeal to Mothers—Try Them

FOR Cleansing the Skin and Scalp of Birth Humors, For Allaying Itching, Burning and Inflammation, for curing the first symptoms of Eczema, Psoriasis, Milk Crust, Scall Head Scrofula and other inherited skin and blood diseases, for Falling Hair, Dandruff, Sores and Dryness of the Scalp, for an exquisite Skin Beautifier externally and CUTICURA RESOLVENT the new Blood Purifier, internally are infallible. Absolutely pure.

"TERRIBLY AFFLICTED"

Mr and Mrs. Everett Shelton, Beloit Brown Mass write: our little boy was terribly afflicted with Scrofula, Salt Rheum and Erysipelas over since he was born, and nothing we could give him helped him until we tried CUTICURA Remedies which gradually cured him until now he is as fine as a child.

"$300 FOR NOTHING."

Wm Gordon, 87 Arlington Ave Charlestown, Mass writes: Having paid out over $300 to Doctors, &c, to cure my boy without success, I tried the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which completely cured, after using three packages.

"FROM HEAD TO FEET"

Charles Eayre Hinkle Jersey City Heights N J writes: My son, a lad of 12 years, was completely cured of a terrible case of Scrofula, from head to feet by CUTICURA Remedies. From the top of his head to the sole of his feet was one mass of sores. Every other remedy or physicians had been tried in vain.

FOR PALE, LANGUID,

Emaciated children, with pimply sallow skin, the CUTICURA REMEDIES will prove a perfect blessing cleansing the blood and skin of inherited impurities and expelling the germs of scrofula, rheumatism contamination and severe skin diseases.

"BEST FOR THE SKIN."

CUTICURA REMEDIES are the best for skin diseases. I have ever sold and my sale of CUTICURA SOAP the finest medicinal toilet soap in the market.

G. W. STAPLES Druggist Osco Ia Mills Wis

Sold by all druggists Price CUTICURA, 50 cts Resolvent $1. Soap 25 cts Prepared by the Potter Drug and Chemical Co Boston, Mass.

Send for How to Cure Skin Diseases

Excited Thousands!

All over the country smoke THE FAMOUS

VICKER C GARS.

Satisfied they are best for the money

Portland Hair Emporium, 163 Fourth st., near Morrison. All kinds of Human Hair Goods and Toilet Articles. Ladies and Children's Hair Cutting and Shampooing.

CORBETT STABLES Finest Carriages. Boatman Shroud free for calling. Telephone 321.

GRANT'S PASS.

The Leading Town of Southern Oregon.

On the O. & C. R. R. Located in the beautiful

ROGUE RIVER VALLEY.

NOW LOTS and outside tracts, suitable for fruit culture, now for sale by

MERRILL BRUNER & CO 135 First street, Portland. Branch office, Grant's Pass, Oregon.

SLOAN'S Flake

The original article for nourishing and whitening the hair, preventing freckles and disfigurations, removing tan and sunburn, it cannot be excelled. Price 25 cents per bottle. Manufactured and sold by

JOHN A. CHILD & CO., Druggists, Cor. Morrison and Second Sts., Portland.

FAIRBANKS SCALES

The Standard. Durable Accurate.

L. H. PARKER, AGENT 26½ Front st Portland, Or

Between England and Russia the situation is serious. It will not be read by many sorts of jobs and styles and languages at hand prices, for all people regardless of age, sex, color or previous condition and invited to visit him at 8½ Washington St, Fort Legal Blanks, Law Books, County Work and Binding to suit the most exacting.

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG

MANUFACTURERS OF

Stoves, Ranges & Hollow-ware,

Wholesale Dealers in Iron and Lead Pipe, Horseshoes, Nails, Barbed Wire, Pumps and Plumbers Goods, Tinners Tools and Material.

84 and 86 Front St. Portland, Or.

HOLLISTER & MERRILL'S BICYCLE AGENCY

Sole Agts for "VICTOR" Bicycles Because Hand Bicycles of all First-class Makes in stock

SEND FOR CATALOGUE

62 First St., Portland, Or

THE EAST.

Further Particulars of the St. Louis Murder Mystery.

PREELER KILLED FOR HIS MONEY

General Grant much Better—Railroad News and Rumor Emancipation Celebration at Washington Fraud a Coal Mine

[illegible]

THE PACIFIC COAST.

FIERCE FILE AT VICTORIA

The Terminus Hotel and Adjoining Buildings in Flames

[illegible]

FOREIGN DISPATCHES.

No Material Change in the Anglo-Russian Dispute

GLADSTONE MAKES A STATEMENT

Chinese Troops Attack the French and are Repulsed Changes in the French Ministry—Parnell Asks a Question

[illegible]

RUSSIA'S PREPARATIONS.

Strengthening Her Navy—Opening a Great Ship Canal for Commercial and Strategical Purposes

In view of the anticipated war between England and Russia, the following letter from St. Petersburg, which appeared in the London *Times* last October, is of peculiar interest at this time

As now appears to be the case in most other maritime countries, there is also much stir and activity observable in naval matters in Russia. The keels of three large men-of-war—the nucleus of the future ironclad fleet of the Black sea—have just been laid with great pomp and ceremony by the Grand Duke Alexis at Sebastopol and Nicolaieff in the presence of the surviving veterans of the battle of Sinope. Another event of more immediate interest, as affecting the merchant marine, is the experimental opening of the great sea canal from Cronstadt to St. Petersburg during last week. This is a work which is not only of both strategical and commercial importance for Russia herself, but one that must also considerably affect the sea trade of other countries with the port of the Neva. Hitherto the small fortified town of Cronstadt has always been the actual port of St. Petersburg for all vessels drawing more than nine feet, and cargoes had to be lightered some twenty miles up the shallow waters of the river to St. Petersburg. The present canal is intended to obviate this transhipment, and thus to save a good deal of time and money to merchants and shippers. Skeptics there are who deny the advantages which are supposed to be conferred upon the commercial world by this undertaking, but impartial critics judge differently, and Russian opinion has decided that when this scheme is thoroughly completed and properly supplemented by new docks, harbors and connecting lines with the railways and rivers of the interior, it will be a boon calculated to benefit alike both Russia and foreign traders

Vessels of deep draught have never been able to approach the capital. Various measures for overcoming this inconvenience have been broached and discussed ever since the foundation of Peter's city. Peter the Great himself planned a canal fifteen fathoms wide along the southern shore of the Finnish gulf, from the Lautaska canal, which runs through the town to Oranienbaum, opposite Cronstadt, but this appears to have been abandoned before completion. The plan of the present canal was matured between 1872 and 1874. The work was only actually begun in 1877-8, three or four years later, in consequence of, in my suffered by the dredging machinery on its way from England. The canal is 28½ versts, or about seventeen miles long, extending from Cronstadt to the island of Goetovieff, with a southern branch of 3¾ versts long to the Elaginintott canal, which runs through St. Petersburg, and a northern channel entering the Neva. This part of the river has also been specially dredged for the passage of ships of war. About seven miles of the canal nearest to St. Petersburg are inclosed within high banks or dikes, while the Cronstadt portion, about ten miles, takes the form of a submarine channel fifty fathoms wide, dug in the bed of the gulf. The inclosed portion of the canal varies from 180 to 240 feet in width. The depth of the channel over the one verst and a half of the river bed dredged is twenty-two feet, the depth of the southern arm sixteen to twenty feet. A branch of Postiloff's railway connected with the main line from St. Petersburg to the interior runs along the broad southern dike of the harbor. It is next proposed to join the Neva at a point above bridges toward Schlusselburg by a secondary canal which shall terminate at the new harbor and docks. This will enable boats and barges, mostly filled with grain from the interior of Russia, to discharge their cargoes directly at the port of export. With this supplementary communication Cronstadt will resume its original character of a fortress, and the scheme of making St. Petersburg a seaport will be complete. Most of the work of excavation was done by nine bucket and grapple dredges, which removed on an average about 1200 cubic fathoms of soil per day. The imperial decree ordering the construction was signed by the late czar on the 1st-13th June, 1874, and on the 24th-12th November, 1883, the present emperor and empress witnessed the introduction of the water into the canal. The cost of the work thus far is estimated at 10,265,400 rubles. The contractors were Messrs. Borelscha & Maximovitch, controlled by a special committee appointed by government.

The canal has long been navigable for merchant steamers of eighteen and nineteen feet draught, but the main difficulty in the trial last week was the passage from the basin of the canal into the river close to St. Petersburg town. No vessels had as yet done this. Little trouble was expected in passing through, and it was, therefore, already arranged that the official opening in the presence of the emperor and empress should follow a few days later. Every preparation was accordingly made. A pavilion was got ready for the imperial spectators, with the traditional window of Peter the Great looking out into Europe to the west, surmounted by Peter's own words. The grand ceremony, however, had to be postponed as soon as it was seen that the passage could not yet be made with ease and certainty. Three vessels were appointed to run up the canal and through into the Neva. They were the American built cruiser Africa, 300 feet long, commanded by Captain Doubassoff of Danube fame; the paddle boat Frigate Oka and the fine two-funnel imperial yacht, the Derjava. All three made the canal up to the harbor without any difficulty. The Africa, drawing 17 feet, first essayed the passage into the Neva. Owing to the strong current meeting her at the entrance to the river and to her great length she answered badly to the helm, and, getting too close to the side of the narrow channel, she soon stuck fast aground. All the tugging that day was of no avail, and it was only after much effort on the morrow that the Africa was able to clear the channel into the river. Her companions followed, but not gracefully or easily, and the first Russian ships of war ever in this part of the Neva dropped their anchors close to the Nicholas bridge and surrendered their decks to thousands of visitors from the admiring public.

A word as to the strategical importance of the new canal, which is expatiated upon by the Cronstadt *Vessenger*, the official naval gazette, in a rather long article. Up to the present the Russian ships of war behind the forts at Cronstadt have had no water in which to fall back in case of an attack on the Cronstadt defenses and of the way of the enemy's fire, as during the expedition of Sir Charles Napier. Now, as was shown during the recent naval manœuvers, they will be able to take refuge in the canal, if necessary, right up to St. Petersburg. But the more important consideration is that large ships of war, constructed or kept in reserve, can in the future be sent down the canal to Cronstadt fully equipped without the need of loading docks and all ready for sea or to encounter the enemy

BIG GUNS UNDER WATER.

The Ericson system of harbor defense is that of carrying submarine artillery in small, cheaply-constructed vessels. The gun fired under water is the moral factor; the vessel is only the gun carriage. The Destroyer is 130 feet long, 17½ wide and 11 deep. Her bow is protected by heavy, inclined armor plates, placed transversely, and backed by thick timbers. Within the iron hull an intermediate, arched iron deck extends from stem to stern, under this is the powerful engine, and there also are the crew during action. Under the iron deck and the inclined armor of the bow is a 16-inch gun 60 feet long; it carries a projectile 25 feet long, weighing 1450 pounds, including an explosive charge of 300 pounds of gun cotton. This gun is near the bottom of the vessel, and its muzzle passes through an opening in the stem. A valve, opened and shut by steam power, covers the muzzle, and when it is raised the breaking water is checked by an inner valve which is strong enough to hold it, but is itself easily carried away by the tremendous projectile as it leaves the bore. An inner sea valve is sacrificed for each shot.

Undoubtedly the submarine gun is limited in range. It is discharged at a distance of 300 feet from the enemy's ship, and when the projectile strikes the ship its charge of gun cotton is exploded by a percussion firing pin. A spiral spring prevents this explosion from occurring on the initial and comparatively trivial percussion against the inner valve of the gun. The theory of the vessel is that it can be safely brought, on account of its thick armor, within a range of 300 feet, and that a charge of 300 pounds of gun cotton there delivered against the vulnerable parts of an ironclad under water will shatter the hull.—N Y [illegible]

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 17, 1885

WHAT IS SPENT FOR LIQUORS

The sum paid by the people of the United States for alcoholic drinks is variously estimated at figures ranging from $700,000,000 to $800,000,000 annually. This is the estimate based on retail prices. On one side it is argued that as this vast sum is spent for a hurtful article it is worse than lost, even in a material sense, besides nothing of the moral injuries resulting from it. On the other side it is argued that due to the great industries of the country is found in the liquor traffic, and that as it makes a wide market for hops, grain and grapes, and furnishes directly and indirectly employment and support to multitudes, there are material interests founded on the business which the country can not afford to disregard. It is one of those questions which admit of an argument on either side, according to the stand one's feelings take.

The British excise returns go more into detail in their treatment of the liquor traffic than those of the United States, since they furnish, with a statement of the liquors consumed in the United Kingdom, an estimate of their cost to the consumer. The following taken from the London *Times* supplies figures for the years 1883 and 1884:

	1884	1883
	£ sd.	£ s d.
British spirits	31,402,841	33,882,441
Foreign spirits	12,686,102	12,441,615
Wine	74,483,870	74,483,870
Beer	1,000,000	1,000,000
British wines (duty free)		
Total	£119,572,813	£121,807,926

This table shows that in 1884 £74,811,000 were spent upon drink than in 1883. In this the drink bill was £120,251,951—an amount almost equal to last year's. The decrease in 1883 was more than recovered in 1884.

The increase in consumption it will be observed, was entirely in one item—beer. While there was a decrease of 41,175,331 in spirits and wine the consumption of beer increased by 47,912,000 or 27,805,491 gallons. This change had an important effect on the revenue. Beer is taxed only 2s 1-2d per gallon, while British spirits pay 10s., foreign spirits 16s. 8d., and wines from 1s to 2s. per gallon, according to strength. The revenue for 1885, as compared with the previous year, fell off £3,600,000, notwithstanding the increase in the amount spent by the nation upon drink.

A correspondent of the *Times*, commenting upon these figures, finds in them an explanation of a fact very perplexing to economists—that while food has been unsurpassedly cheap, money abundant and cheap, and wages, as compared to former times, exceptionally good, the nation has thus enjoying to a degree probably unparalleled in its history the human necessities recognized as ensuring prosperity in trade, with all this trade has been depressed and harassed to an extent and for a length of time seldom before known.

All waste of the national purchasing fund, he thinks, must decrease the demand for commodities and make it more difficult for manufacturers to keep their works going. "It is," says he, "a question of waste of income, and if the prodigality of some were not compensated for by the thrift and industry of others the nation would soon not only have a depressed but a bankrupt trade."

The same reasoning will apply to this country. For, although there is ground for an argument that the liquor traffic sustains an important industry, makes a large market for certain products of agriculture, gives to commerce one of its leading commodities, and consequently creates an extensive business, whose loss would be felt if the traffic were arrested, yet there is abundant ground too for the opposite argument that the money spent upon liquors is waste of individual income, and that it diminishes the purchasing power of consumers to an extent that decreases the home demand for useful and necessary articles. Thus there may be found ation also for the argument that consumption of liquors is among the causes of the present depression of business. The liquor business has perhaps suffered less than any other, since so many will drink, even if their children have not shoes. This is a phase of the drink question which is specially interesting to economists, and which business men may find it profitable to think over.

A SHORT-SIGHTED POLICY

A great many complaints come to us from immigrants who do not receive proper information about the country on their arrival, and who therefore are much dissatisfied with what they see of the country. Most of this dissatisfaction seems to be the fruit of work done by the land department of the Northern Pacific railroad, and by other agencies at work for special ends inside that company. Great numbers who come to the country desiring and expecting to find lands easy of access and open to cultivation are hurried over the Northern Pacific to Puget Sound, where they do not find what they had expected, and they resolve to return at once to their old homes. Such men, some of them accompanied by their families, are seen in Portland every day. It is far from the wish of THE OREGONIAN to undervalue or detract in any way from the resources of the Puget Sound country. Great resources are there, but of necessity they must be of slow development. As a whole it is not a farming country. The area of fertile land is comparatively small, and most of that small area is covered with timber. People who go there expecting to find open lands which they can occupy and cultivate are disappointed, and, owing to the depression of other industries, as lumber and coal, new comers can find nothing to do. The office agent in this city of the land department of the Northern Pacific railroad naturally conforms to the policy of the company it represents. The company wants to secure for the territory lying immediately on its own line all the people it can, and its policy therefore is to divert immigrants from Oregon and from those parts of Washington not directly tributary to the Northern Pacific. Now it is a fact that the Northern Pacific does not touch any considerable part of the best lands in Washington territory, and scarcely touches Oregon at all. People coming straight through on the railroad do not see any part of the great agricultural districts of the Pacific northwest. And when they get through to Puget Sound they consider themselves misled and sold, and many of them resolve to go back at once. Not a few take steamer to San Francisco and others start back by rail. It cannot be the long run even to the interests of the Northern Pacific railroad to keep up a system by which immigrants are so misled. After they have been run through on the railroad from St. Paul to Tacoma, and reached Portland on the way back, many are so disgusted with what they see to be the practice of deception upon them that they refuse to believe there is any really good country in Washington or Oregon. Such persons are met with every day in Portland. The Northern Pacific ought to change its tactics and give real information about the country at large, instead of misleading statements prepared with the short-sighted purpose of serving narrow local interests. For even those local interests cannot be really served in such a way. When people who come to the country do not find what they have been led to expect, it were better they had not come at all.

Through the efforts of the New York *Herald* the Bartholdi statue of "Liberty Enlightening the World," now on the way to America, will probably find a resting place soon after its arrival. The subscriptions to the *World* fund now amount to over $25,000, and the money is pouring in at the rate of over a thousand dollars a day. The power of the press was never better exemplified than by this move of an enterprising paper.

The earl of Selkirk, who died April 11, leaves no heirs, and his title, therefore, which dates from 1646, becomes extinct. There are still forty-two earls in the Scottish peerage, however, and no fear need be exhibited at the immediate extinction of that worthy class of dignitaries.

American steel rails at present rates are only about $2 38 per ton above the prices quoted by the associated steel rail makers of the United Kingdom, a state of things which has never before been known in the history of the trade.

OLD RAILROAD LANDS

A Molalla correspondent of THE OREGONIAN asks whether the purchasers of land from the Oregon & California railroad Company are in any way liable for the mortgages on the property of this railroad, in its present insolvent condition, and if so, to what extent. Many of our readers are deeply interested in this question, some of them having taken deeds from the company and others having paid in part for their lands and taken contracts for deeds.

All the lands of both grants of this railroad, that is, the lands granted to both the even and reserved sections, are subject to the mortgage of June 1, 1880. This mortgage, however, is like railroad mortgages in general, made subject to the conditions of the trust, but to insure to secure bonds issued by the company. Only these bonds represent both the creditors and the bondholders, and are authorized to act in the interest of both parties. By the terms of this mortgage the trustees for the bondholders contract with the company that the company have right to sell these lands provided that the proceeds of sale shall be paid to them to create a sinking fund for the extinguishment of the mortgage debt. All money received for land has been thus paid to these trustees since the trust went into powers hands the United States circuit court has made an order authorizing the company to continue to sell lands under the direction and with the approval of the receiver. This order was made the 21st day of January of this year, and all deeds issued since that time and all such deeds hereafter issued will be executed with the approval of the receiver. Deeds executed and delivered before that time are valid and binding upon the trustees for the bondholders, and the company has no right to sell these lands except as above stated. The receiver has also authority to make contracts for the sale of lands, and all moneys which may be received upon such contracts are to be paid to the trustees for the bondholders. Deeds executed by the company before the appointment of a receiver

AUCTION AND COMMISSION
S L N GILMAN.
GILMAN & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants
No 42 FIRST ST., NEAR TAYLOR
AUCTION SALES of real estate, furniture, and merchandise, horses, cattle, hogs, sheep, and vehicles every days—Tuesdays & Fridays, at 10 o'clock.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
We will sell in our salesroom No. 42 First st.
ON FRIDAY, APRIL 17, 1891
At 10 o'clock A. M.
A full line of Furniture, Carpets, Stoves
In Cottage Suites
At Home Feather Pillows Blankets
and Bedding Mattresses Crockery
Ask Hall Racks Looking Glasses
GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.
SPECIAL AUCTION SALE
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
Will be held at the residence, No.
Hall st near Seventh,
ON SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1891
At 10 o'clock A. M.
The Entire Furniture of Residence,
comprising
Cottage Suites Folding Bed Parlor Furniture
Mattresses Tables Mirrors
Lounges Rockers Carpets
Hangers Lamps Sideboard Chairs Stoves
Extension Walnut Chairs Tables, Wringers
Folding Beds Wash Stands Dining Chairs
Heating Stove
Fine Walnut Bedroom Suite, marble top
Wash Stand with Splasher Mattresses
Blankets Bedding Pictures Brussels
Hall and Stair Carpets by the yard Oilcloth
Oil Cloth and Linoleum by the Square
And Kitchen Furniture Ranges
GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.
"VE, TOS"
WILL SELL
FURNITURE, BEDDING
WALL PAPER, ETC.
AT COST,
FOR THE NEXT SIXTY DAYS
JUST FOR FUN!
J. M. BIRMINGHAM
244 and 246 First St., near Main.
A POINTER—Considering low expenses and small cost loss than any other in Portland, customers get this when purchasing. Nuf ced.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
G. COHN & SONS, 170 FRONT STREET, Hops and country produce respectfully solicited.
SUTTON & BERRIE, SHIP CHANDLERS, Naval stores, 16 N. Front st., Portland, Or.
ALLEN & LEWIS, COMMISSION AND Forwarding Merchants, Front and D Sts., Portland, Or.
H. E. BATTIN, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT and grain dealer, Front st., Portland, Or.
TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO., SHIP BROKERS and Commission Merchants, agents for the Archipelago Lime Co. 34 Front street, Portland, Or.
MILLER & WEST—J. C. MILLER, W. E. WEST, commission merchants in general and produce, 111 Front st., between Washington and Stark.
J. M. CORBETT & CO., IMPORTERS & Wholesale grocers and shipping and commission merchants, Nos. 56, 58, 62 and 64 North Front st., Portland, Or.
GIBSON CHURCH & CO., SHIPPING AND Commission Merchants, specialties—wheat, lumber, grain bags, etc. N. W. cor. Front and Ash sts., Portland, Or.
W. S. MASON (LATE OF McCRAKEN & Mason and successor to H. Abrahams), wholesale grocer and commission merchant, Nos. 124 and 126 Front st., Portland, Or.
J. O'CONNOR, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL grocer, dealer in ship stores, ship and mill supplies, foreign and domestic fruits, etc., N. E. cor. and 4 Front and Ankeny sts., Portland, Or.
HERMAN METZGER, PURCHASER OF hides, pelts, furs, wool and tallow and commission merchant, consignments solicited. 4 Third street, Portland, Or.
MARK LEVY, COMMISSION MERCHANT, importer and dealer in tropical and European, dried and canned fruits, nuts, fig, raisins, etc. 23 and 25 st., Assignments of Oregon and California produce solicited.
MILL AND FARM MACHINERY.
RUSSELL & CO., SAND AND BELT MILL manufacturers of Threshers, Engines, Saw Mills and Portable Traction and Stationary Engines, 88 and 90 Front st., Portland, Or.
FRANK BROTHERS, IMPLEMENT COMMISSION importers and dealers in farm and mill machinery, 88 and 90 Front st., Portland, Or.
CHAS. H. DODD & CO., SOLE AGENTS FOR D. Mower and Thresher Cartwright Tiffin Header, Schuttler Wagons, Front, First and Yamhill.
KNAPP BURRELL & CO. WHOLESALE AGENTS machinery and dealers in agricultural implements, farm and spring wagons, carriages, buggies, portable and stationary engines, saw mills, grain mill machinery a specialty; rubber and belting.
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
ALLEN & LEWIS, WHOLESALE GROCERS, and N. Front and D sts., Portland, Or.
CORBITT & MACLEAY, WHOLESALE GROCERS and Commission Merchants, 54, 56 and 58 Front, Portland.
WADHAMS & ELLIOTT WHOLESALE GROCERS Forwarding and Commission Merchants, 90 and 92 Front street, Portland, Or.
PROFESSIONAL CARDS.
T. J. MURRAY, M. D., OFFICE, S. W. cor. First and Yamhill. Residence St. Charles.
DR. E. GEIGER—HOMEOPATHIST—OFFICE Cambridge building, Portland.
NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—DR. MARIE has removed to the N. W. corner of First and Pine sts., over Schild & Steinbach's clothing store.
ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS.
H. HAWGOOD, E. E. HARRIS, Portland.
HAWGOOD & HARRISMAN, CIVIL ENGINEERS and Surveyors, third floor Labbe Building, Portland, Or.
WILLIAM L. TOOTH, ARCHITECT, 248 Washington st., Portland Or.
CHARLES L. TOOTH, 24 1/2 Washington st., Portland Or.
TATUM & BOWEN, SAN FRANCISCO, AGENTS for Hoe Company, manufacturers of Hoe Chilled Tooth Saw now made with new and improved plate protecting segments which places it beyond the reach of worn or defective teeth. Send for circular.
SAWMILL MACHINERY & MILL BUILDERS, ETC.
TATUM & BOWEN, SAN FRANCISCO AND Portland, Or. We have unsurpassed facilities for the manufacture of the greater part of the class of machinery required on the coast and our long experience and thorough knowledge of the wants of millmen enables us to fully supply the wants of millers.
LEATHER AND FINDINGS.
HERBERT BRADLEY & CO., 209 FRONT, 208 Water st., Portland, Or. Bradley & Doherty, 109 Front, 208 Water st., Portland, Or. Stark sts. Leather and Findings. Shoe Shop Supplies.
MACHINISTS.
TERNSTROM & WOLFE, MACHINISTS, 69 and 71 Front st., Portland, Or. Housework, dock, mill and bolt dogs, shutters, and machinery of all descriptions. Brass and moulding tools to order.
SAILS, FLAGS AND TENTS.
V. B. SMITH'S SAIL, FLAG AND TENT MAKER, 84 North Front st., Portland Or.
SADDLERY.
R. SHERLOCK, SADDLERY HARDWARE, Rubber, 74 Front st., Portland, Or.
CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, ETC.
HEGELE CROWELL & CO., IMPORTERS and 52 Front st., Portland, Or.
MERCHANDISE BROKERAGE.
FRANK WOOLSEY COMMISSION AND Canadian broker, S. E. cor. First and Ash sts.
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.
SNELL HEITSHU & WOODARD ESTABLISHED 1851, Portland Or.
MINING MACHINERY.
PARKE & LACY MINING MACHINERY, RAILWAY and chemical supplies a specialty, 48 Fremont st., San Francisco.
BIDS FOR BUILDING BRIDGE.
SEALED PROPOSALS FOR BUILDING A bridge on the Macadam road near the Red Hotel in accordance with plans now on file in the office of the County Clerk will be received by the undersigned, County Clerk, up to Monday, the 20th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at which time the contract will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder. The successful bidder will be required to enter into a contract and give bond in the sum of $500 for the faithful performance of the same. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the County Clerk. By order of the County Court.
J. C. MORELAND, County Clerk.
1486
NOTICE.
ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED not to touch, handle, meddle with or in any manner interfere with any electric lamp or lamps belonging to the Portland Electric Power Co., which have been or may hereafter be placed upon the premises of any person or persons, except employees of said company, without permission from said company, under penalty of the law. Citizens will confer a favor by reporting to the police, and strictly prosecuting any violation of this notice. The police have been notified to arrest any person or persons found violating the same, and the company will confer a favor by reporting to the police, and strictly prosecuting any violation of this notice. The police have been notified to arrest any person so interfering with said lamps. By order of the Portland Electric Power Co.
F. C. BAYER, Secretary.
Portland, Or., March 31, 1891. (1585)
Oregon.

The Oregonian.
FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 17, 1891
Entered at the Postoffice at Portland, Or., as second class matter.
SUBSCRIPTION RATES
BY MAIL—POSTAGE PREPAID IN ADVANCE.
Daily, per month $ 1 00
Daily, with Sunday, per month 1 20
Daily, per year 11 00
Daily, with Sunday, per year 12 50
Sunday, per year 2 50
Weekly, per year 1 50
TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.
Daily, per week, delivered, Sunday excepted 25c
Daily, per week, delivered Sunday included 40c

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, April 16. 40 P. M.

Places of Observation.	Highest Temp.	Lowest Temp.	Mean Temp.	Rainfall in Inches	Direction of Wind	State of Weather
Portland	52	40	46	06	E	Fair
Olympia	52	34	43	02	E	Fair
Walla Walla	58	42	50	00	E	Fair
Red Bluff	78	46	62	00	SW	Fair
Sacramento	74	42	58	00	SW	Fair
Mount Tamalpais	62	44	53	00	SW	Fair
San Francisco	64	48	56	00	W	Clear
Fort Canby	54	40	47	00	E	Clear
Yaquina	56	42	49	00	E	Clear
Salmon	52	36	44	00	E	Clear
Port Angeles	52	34	43	00	NE	Clear
Tatoosh	52	42	47	00	NW	Clear
Neah Bay	52	40	46	00	NW	Clear
Roseburg	58	42	50	00	E	Fair

Mean temperature, 48; maximum temperature, 58; minimum temperature, 34; total rainfall, 08; total sunshine, 00; total excess of temperature since April 1st, 1891, 00; total deficiency of rainfall since April 1st, 1891, 1.00.

The Oregonian in the East

This paper can be seen at the following places:
NEW YORK CITY—C. Beckwith, custodian Tribune building.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Rooms of THE OREGONIAN, 88 Tribune building.
CHICAGO—Lord & Thomas, Merchants Union Express building, 239 Dearborn street.
PHILADELPHIA—N. W. Ayer & Son, Light and Walnut streets.
BOSTON—Public Library.
CINCINNATI—Public Library.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Library of U. S. Senate.
ST. PAUL—Pioneer Press and Globe.
DENVER—Tremont House and Palmer House.
CHICAGO—Auditorium Annex, Van Buren street.
MADISON—Capitol Square.
MINNEAPOLIS—Nicollet House.
LINCOLN—Capitol Square.
SALT LAKE—Theatre.
OMAHA—Paxton & Gallagher, Union Pacific depot.
NEW ORLEANS—P. Allen at Exposition.
RAYMOND—Yorger & Co.'s office.
LOGSTELL—Yorger & Co.'s office.
MANAGERS—Office Evening Wisconsin.

AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.

Attractive sale of household furniture at No. 1 First street by Gilman Co. at 10 o'clock. Horses will be sold at 11 o'clock.
R. B. Richardson sells household furniture at the northeast corner Four-hand salmon sale at 10 o'clock.

OVERLAND PASSENGERS

Passed Sand Point to arrive over the Northern Pacific to-day: C. T. Hoyes, H. C. Hammond and family, three, through emigrants.
Passed Huntington to arrive on the Oregon Short Line: W. H. Smith, M. Strasberger and twelve emigrants.
Passed Medford to arrive on the O. & C.: J. S. Woodruff, San Francisco.

PASSENGERS FOR THE NORTH

The steamship Queen of the Pacific sailed from San Francisco yesterday with the following passengers for Victoria and Puget Sound ports:
Victoria—Mrs. Geo. Powell, Miss J. Dennis, J. McKinley and wife, Wm. Brown, T. W. Williams, Mrs. Dorothy, Mrs. Curtis, Mrs. McKee, Mrs. Bisley, Mrs. McausLand, J. L. Trouan, J. T. Largeson, Lee Cheng Noak, wife and child, Dr. Hilbert and servant, Leong Lain, James Lovett, S. B. Ball and child, Abernethy, Miss Betsey, Joseph Newman, Thomas O'Neill, E. F. Jones and wife, C. H. Hook, James Bunster, C. W. Shef.
Port Townsend—J. E. Davis.
Seattle—Mrs. M. Lewis and three children, J. Fox, Mrs. M. Sullivan, Mrs. C. A. Weed and daughter, Miss St. Clair George, Mrs. Preston, Lee Sing and wife, Wm. Stanley and wife, W. Pringle, Mrs. Van Sant, E. B. Downs, M. Peasley, J. Williams, Mrs. E. Wilson, J. A. Schoonmaker, Miss M. F. Batchelor and son, J. P. Pritchard, Miss Nellie Williamson, Mrs. Nelson, Mrs. H. McAlexander, Miss McAlexander, Mrs. Hebron, J. O'Hara, Miss Nicholson, Mrs. A. Ross, T. O. Ross, Miss Meredith, D. Holmes, A. Noran and A. Parkscher, W. Keller, R. C. Peterly, J. A. Hall.

EAST CRATER AT COST. G. SHINDLER & CO.

Informal Pendleton, 158 First street, have just received a new line of Pendleton's values.

H. F. Gilfixson & Co. will positively close out balance on or before May 1st. Carpets, oil cloths, rugs, mats, at actual cost.

Fulton & Pendleton, agents for the Lawton tailor made Shirts.

BEDROOM SETS AT COST. G. SHINDLER & CO.

BUY THE HAYWARD HAND GRENADE

Take no other. Look out for worthless grenades. The Haskin was burned out in Chicago; Illinois sales failure in San Francisco March 28, 1891. Property saved daily by the *Hayward*.
H. C. HEATH, Gen. Agt. 194 Market st. S. F.
A. C. POST, Agent, No. 15 Stark street.

The Domestic Sewing Machine Company has appointed John R. Garrison agent for Multnomah and surrounding counties and the friends of the "light-running Domestic" will do better to buy from Garrison's Sewing Machine store, 167 Third street, Portland, Oregon.
DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE COMPANY.
Per Wm. S. Wood.

First shipment of Domestic sewing machines received per Columbia from the general agency San Francisco, at Garrison's sewing machine store.

Artists' Materials.
A well assorted stock at reasonable prices. Sanborn, Vaile Co., 85 Washington street.

General agency for the easy running Household sewing machine at Garrison's Sewing Machine store, 167 Third street.

Ladies—Don't know what to dress in or the way of a meal? Why not go to the Restaurant 131 Fourth street. Just try it.

Fire Extinguishers.
The Hayward Hand Grenade. H. H. Gross, west side Fourth, near Yamhill.

Sewing machines repaired and warranted at Garrison's Sewing Machine store, 167 Third street.

Domestic sewing machines at Garrison's Sewing Machine store, 167 Third street.

Handsome Mambrino, the great stallion, is at Garrison's Stables. Go and see him.

Strawberry Plants mailed to any address postage paid, for $1, by Edward Ekrem & Co.

Sewing machines at one price. Dan Lynch is Singer Sewing Machine agent.

Mrs. Bischoff—Bischoff Bros. have moved to 22 and 24 Front street, New clothing and stock.

Genuine needles and pure sewing machine oil at Garrison's, 167 Third street.

SKILLED MEN

Are coming who have had experience in running the Automatic Machine. Apply at once at the Oregon Iron & Steel Co.'s office, Portland, Or.

WE WANT YOU

To come and see us. It may result in much to your advantage. Take the steamer Transfer at foot of Yamhill street, Portland, for Lake Oswego, Oswego, Park, 50 cents. D. H. STEARNS, Manager La Camas Colony.

Merchants

Who have some chance for business location in any of the following lines:

MANUFACTORIES,

Where ample water power (cheap fuel, cheap lumber (hard and soft wood) and cheap transportation advantages do not for profitable manufacturing unequalled as any other point on the Pacific coast. WE PAY FREIGHTS FOR MANUFACTURING ENTERPRISES.

MARKET GARDENS.

Fruit and garden lands are splendidly located and well protected from freezes, carry roots. We have Oregon and Washington

FARMERS,

Who have the farms of all sizes for sale on long and easy terms.

INVESTMENTS.

If you wish to secure a location with a live people, where you can take equal chances with the oldest settlers, we invite you to visit us and see what the chances are for yourselves. Take the steamer Traveler at the foot of Morrison street, Portland. The best route and quickest trip.
D. H. STEARNS,
Manager La Camas Colony, La Camas, W. T.

CITY NOTICES.

Portland's Blame Store.

Go to Keith's for oysters.

Weisberger's Rest House, on third st. rest.

Boston Baked Beans and Home Made Brown Bread at the Quarter Dairy.

SEVEN WIRE spring beds, 6 to 6. M. Fisher 125 Fifth street. Trade sup. bed.

Take that worn out sewing machine to Barbey, 24 Yamhill street, for repair.

New England Boiled Dinner every day between 12 and 2 o'clock at the Quarter Dairy.

Choice brands of wines, liquors and cigars at the Metropolitan, corner First and Alder.

J. B. Miller, the jeweler 125 First street, sells watch cases for three thirty days at cost.

After the opera is over go to Fred Ernst's for Oysters and Refreshments. Casino building.

Rose & A. Morgan, plain and decorative paper hanging and painting, 125 Third street, near Washington.

Removal.—Ferguson & Davis' hair cutting hereafter now at No. 50 First st. Every man an artist.

Cabinet Photo of Jeannie Winston given away by Cabinet of Snow Flake. The coin silver is all gone, but we have more.

Notice to the City.—Abell & Son's ash sifting machine is the largest west of Chicago, and is the only one unexcelled in the United States. 20 Washington street.

BUSINESS ITEMS

THE VIENNA COFFEE HOUSE
Washington st., leads all. Oysters in every style.

YOUNG MEN—READ THIS.
THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall Mich., offer to send their celebrated ELECTRIC VOLTAIC BELT and other Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days, to men young and old afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred, as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

THIS DAY IN HISTORY.—Governor Mosk ran for Governor of Kentucky against Governor Wright, president of the Southern exposition at Louisville, Kentucky, taking that city. The Louisville exposition also opened on April 15th and closes October 15th. Mr. Wright's three gift excursions since that seem more liable the fine display of our state to New Orleans as not to be witnessed by the many people very desirous of such privilege. I would come for such an event if my people of the state exhibits at New Orleans should be entertained without guard, a great number of people the opportunity to examine them. Hundreds from New Orleans to the southern exposition, at Louisville, this opportunity can be secured. The world's exhibitions held in this city in 1885 and 1886 had a larger attendance than any exposition in this country, except the Centennial exposition of 1876. Comparatively few of the people of this vast section of our country can make the long journey to New Orleans. The southern exposition is within half a day's travel of seven millions of our people, and hundreds of thousands of persons would see the exhibits that will not go there at New Orleans. After the close of the New Orleans exposition exhibits could be removed to the Southern exposition, where they would be gratuitously stored and guarded until those in charge were ready to display them. Every convenience would be extended for this purpose. Governor Moody has referred the matter to the Oregon State Board of Immigration, who will probably take definite action at the next meeting.

DEADLIER THAN EVER.—On Wednesday the body of a man in an advanced stage of decomposition was found by a wood pile a few rods from the Beaverton station on the O. & C. R. R. Close by it was a pistol and $1.85 in money. A railroad ticket and trunk check were in the pockets of the clothing, which were all the clue toward identifying the deceased, the features being unrecognizable. It was remembered that on the 8th of January a man came to the station and purchased a ticket and had his trunk checked to Portland, leaving it with a valise on the platform. He disappeared before the train came along and never came back. The trunk was sent to the baggage office of the railroad company in this city. This trunk was examined, and in it were found notes and mortgages to the amount of $1600, payable to Peter Olsen, and other papers showing that the owner had resided at Tlandren, Dako a territory. There was also a declaration of the intention of Peter Olsen to become an American citizen signed by Judge Kidder of the fifth judicial district of Dakota. From a name on one of the notes it would appear that the deceased has a brother Hans still living in Dakota. An examination of the remains discovered no signs of violence, and it is supposed that death was caused by heart disease or similar complaint. The latest report concerning the matter is that Olsen was for some time in the employ of Richard Perkins of Washington county, and that he was on his way to Dakota when he came to Beaverton station.

RECEPTION AND CAMPFIRE.—Last night George Wright, Garfield and Lincoln posts, Grand Army of the Republic of this city, summer post of East Portland and kearney post of Albina joined in a reception to the department of Washington territory, which closed their encampment at Vancouver. The exercises took place at Grand Army hall, none but members being admitted. There was a large attendance from this city and suburbs, and several valley towns represented. About fifty members of Ellsworth post of Vancouver, accompanied by a brass band came over by the Lurline and participated in the event. Commander F. H. Lamb, of the department of Oregon, made a cordial address of welcome, which was responded to in good style by Commander Brooks of the department of Washington territory. Short stirring addresses were made by Governor W. C. Squire of Seattle, General T. R. Tannatt of this city, and Hon. A. O. Marsh of Vancouver. The latter called attention to the needs of Comrade Heberg, a member of Ellsworth post, Vancouver, who is ill in the hospital at that place. He is 71 years old, and the oldest member of the Grand Army in the United States. A handsome collection was taken up for the venerable veteran. The several speeches were interspersed with camp-fire songs, and the reception closed with an attack on the banqueting room.

TO PAY $1500.—The principal case on trial before Judge Smith in the state circuit court yesterday was that of the city of Portland against S. Farrell et al., the firm of Everding & Farrell, commission merchants. The suit was brought to settle a vexed question of how much damages should be paid by the city for a small strip of property taken by it in widening North Third and Third streets. The property owned by Mr. Farrell, from which this strip was taken, is a fractional block bounded by Third, A and Ash streets, and on Third street has a frontage of forty-nine feet. The city offered $1,500 in full as the amount of damages incurred by the owner from widening the street. This was not accepted and the courts were appealed to. Counsel for the city claimed that the widening of Third street serves to make it one of the great thoroughfares of the town and thus adds to the value of the property in the vicinity of the improvements. A witness for the plaintiff stated that the owner cannot now collect as much rent as before the street was widened, and further, that now, instead of facing Third street proper, with all the bulk of town below it, the block faces on North Third street. The case attracted considerable attention, especially from real estate dealers, many of whom were called as witnesses. They are out deliberation, returned a verdict fixing the amount of damages which the city shall pay at $1500.

THE HARNEY VALLEY TRADE.—Yesterday Mr. N. Brown of Burns, the heaviest merchant in the Harney valley, Grant county, arrived here en route to San Francisco for summer purchases. The principal object of his visit was to confer with the traffic department of the O. R. & N. Co. relative to rates from San Francisco by steamship and rail to Huntington, and it is likely his shipments will come this way. Completion of the Baker City branch puts Harney valley a great deal nearer Portland than it used to be, from tradesmen's point of view. From Winnemucca the wagon haul to Harney is 240 miles; from Huntington, 160 miles. With the advantage of eighty miles in her favor, Portland ought to secure and hold a part of the trade. Harney valley is about sixty miles long and forty miles wide, and the population is here nearly 4000. Of course the principal industry is cattle raising. There has been a small, steady immigration this spring, and 500 more people are expected to settle there before July 1. The soil is fertile and well watered, and good timber abounds. Considerable wheat and barley was raised last year and a great deal more has been sown this season. Mr. Brown has commenced putting a mill race, and will probably erect a grist mill before the end of the year, taking his water supply from Silver river. Harney is not a great valley, but it is growing in importance, and Portland merchants have a good chance to get in and stay in.

EXPRESS LINE FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN.—It is rumored again in St. Paul that the Baltimore and Ohio would extend its express service to St. Paul, to make connection with the Northern Pacific, and establish a through express line from the Atlantic to the Pacific. It was to the effect that the extension would be made over the Omaha, and that the first Baltimore and Ohio express car would run in St. Paul June 2. The fact that both President Oakes and General Superintendent Foomer have been in the east for the past week or ten days, gives some little corroboration to the rumor, says the *Pioneer-Press*. A through express line from ocean to ocean was first talked of some months ago, the original report being the same as that current now. Subsequently, the Continental express company of Minneapolis was formed for the purpose of supplying the missing link between the two systems. That company endeavored to secure track privileges from all the roads operating between St. Paul and Chicago, but failing to get a satisfactory contract with any of them, the scheme very finally petered out. It was said in this connection that the Baltimore and Ohio company—presumably the Baltimore and Ohio. The repeated rumor would indicate that such was now the case. Whether the present rumor is true or not, it is well known that the parties interested have never given up the hope of one day establishing such a through express system.

CHEMISTRY.—A lecture will be given upon the above mentioned subject next Monday evening in the Y. M. C. A. hall by Professor R. E. Warren of the High school. The lecture will be illustrated by numerous brilliant experiments, and will particularly treat of modern explosives, including dynamite and nitro-glycerine. Professor Warren gave a somewhat similar lecture last year, which will be remembered as having been successful of the course, the experiments being very attractive. Members of the Y. M. C. A. will be admitted with a friend free on presentation of member's ticket. A nominal charge will be made to non members.

SINGULAR HALLUCINATION.—Hobler, the ex-gram speculator, who has been in the state insane asylum but is now at liberty, is again creating attention near Marion station. He now visits the home of Mr. R. R. Rutherford every day, and takes his meals, but goes away to sleep in the woods during the night. He imagines that some one wants to poison him while asleep, and for the reason will not rest under any roof. It is said that he has blankets hidden away in some quiet nook where no one will find them, and when night comes on he slyly steals away to his hiding place, and sleeps without fear.

SUIT TO QUIET TITLE.—Suit drew is the patron and list of Sand, and in whatever part of the will from Southmen thereby and them and Stamp united to dispense bene[illegible] of Lair Kamilche may to the since. The St. Andrew's society of Portland last night took out papers in the first step taken in any locality in the state. Much relief has been effected by the recent rains, and many orphans would have to have helped in days of despair. Jennie Wurst an does a graceful act in the evening in the home Society of her fellow citizens in the use of her departure from our midst we do hope that the Masonic Hall will resound with the million of the stars when she and Mr. Kinross and the other talented singers discourse the small selections from now night. Apart from Scotchmen there are many lovers of these immortal songs who will doubtless be only too glad to hear them rendered. Miss Winston as her farewell.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.—A serious accident occurred at Eagle Creek, Clackamas county, on Tuesday. Thomas H. Forrester's well known farmer was found dead about a quarter of a mile from his house, back of his field on the edge of the timber. He left home at his usual hour in the morning, with a double barreled shotgun, intending to hunt, as he usually did, remarking that were leaving him on that forenoon returning for dinner. He finally became uneasy, and started in search for him. Mr. Ingram, one of the hired men, found him at about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, lying on his back upon the ground near a log, with a gun shot wound in his left side, just below the lower rib. He had been struggling, judging from the distance his clothing and the condition of the ground. One barrel of the gun had been discharged and was lying about five feet from the body, as if powder, shot and caps were lying in the log in which he had evidently been loading the gun, and accidentally discharged it.

WILLIAMS NOT GUILTY.—The great case of George F. Wells vs. Marcus Nell et al. came up again before Judge Stearns yesterday morning on the motion of the plaintiff to confirm the report of the referee and the defendant's motion that it be set aside. The testimony taken in this case before the referee was reported as being a pile of legal cap paper over six inches thick, and closely written. Of course the argument in such a case would be very lengthy, and for four days the attorneys would never know when to stop, the court limited each side to a two days argument. Even this will prove very tedious and no lawyer or other man will enjoy Judge Stearns during the next four days.

INTO NEW QUARTERS.—Next Monday the Oregon State Board of Immigration will move into more commodious and convenient quarters, in Central block, corner Front and Ash streets, over Gibson Church & Co.'s. The removal will be of special convenience to immigrants, and for them the location will be almost as good as if the office were in the waiting room at Ash street dock. Business of the board will be transacted at the old quarters in New Market block until to-morrow night.

GAMBLER ARRESTED.—Emil Weber was arrested Wednesday on a warrant issued out of Justice Davis' court, charged with keeping a gambling house. The complaint was made by one James Taylor, who is reported to have been "fired" out of Weber's saloon over a year ago, and who is still animated by a desire to get even. Weber waived examination yesterday and was held to answer. The complaining witness, Taylor, was also held to appear.

ONE HUNDRED AND TEN DAYS OUT.—The American ship Valley Forge, Captain Love, which crossed out December 28, bound for Panama, has not been reported as having arrived, though long overdue. Her cargo consists of 950,000 feet of lumber loaded by the Williamette Steam Sawmill and Lumbering Company, and is fully insured. However she may have reached port in safety, and a report of her arrival neglected.

DECISION TO BE ANNOUNCED.—In department No. 1 of the state circuit court this morning Judge Smith will announce a decision in the case of B. E. Bybee vs. S. B. Parrish et al. upon the motion to strike out part of the answer. This is the case which involves the money taken by Chief of Police Parrish from George W. Brady the gambler, a portion of which is claimed by Emil Weber, who assigned his claim to Bybee.

INLAND EMPIRE WHEAT

A Chat with a Big Walla Walla Miller About Growing Crops—One Man's Profits Last Year.

Mr. H. P. Isaacs, the well-known miller of Walla Walla, arrived here yesterday, and was met by an OREGONIAN reporter, who asked about the crops. "I wish I had thought about it," said Mr. Isaacs, "and I would have brought down some volunteer barley three feet high, headed out. It was raised a mile and a half from Walla Walla and given to me yesterday."

Answering a question as to whether growing crops were suffering for want of rain, Mr. Isaacs said: "Well, spring wheat is a hustler, but on the rougher edge, will be all right if we get rain within ten days. Winter wheat never looked so promising. Of course we will have rain, because it has never failed us. One of the best farmers in Walla Walla county said to me this week 'The dry weather has been my salvation. If we had had the usual amount of rain with the warm weather, my wheat would have grown so rank that it would have lodged, and it would have been simply impossible to save it.'"

Mr. Isaacs, who is conservative in his views, estimates that the increased acreage over last year in the entire country east of the Cascade mountains is 50 per cent and that the promised increase in yield will not be less than 50 per cent. It is yet too early in the season to give approximate figures on the surplus for the next year, but unless some disaster overtakes the crops, the amount for export will be fully 500,000 tons.

"There's a little item concerning the profits of wheat raising that I wish you would publish," said Mr. Isaacs. "The other day I bought the crop of W. P. Shelton, who has a farm north of Snake river, back of Almota, for $8500. The price paid was fifty-one cents a bushel and he had a little over 7000 bushels which he raised on 240 acres. I asked him what his profits were and he told me 'a little over $3000.' He is a bachelor, did most of his own work, owns a header, cut his own wheat, and hired no help to the threshing done. It ought to be added that Mr. Shelton is what we call a first class farmer."

NORTHWEST COAST PRESS ASSOCIATION

The following circular has been mailed to the daily and weekly newspapers of Oregon and Washington. It was the intent on to include every paper within the limits of the state and territory. If any have been omitted it was an oversight, and their proprietors are respectfully requested to notify the secretary as below:

PORTLAND, April 15, 1891.

At an informal meeting of the editors of the newspaper press of Portland, held Tuesday evening, April 14, 1891, for the purpose of considering the subject of a press association, it was resolved to call a meeting of the press of Oregon and Washington territory, to be held in the city of Portland, on Thursday, April 16, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of considering the subject of a press association, and to perfect such an association if deemed advisable. The undersigned were appointed a committee to communicate with the press of Oregon and Washington, notifying representatives thereof of the desire to form such association and respectfully asking them to signify their willingness to co-operate.

With this view the present circular is addressed to you. Will you favor the secretary of our committee with an early reply? We hope for a general response from our brethren of the press throughout Oregon and Washington.

Many newspaper men and others from the east will visit us this year. We desire that the Northwest Press Association will come in large force (perhaps) in June. We should be prepared to give our brethren from other states receptions and entertainment. We should also undertake to organize then to promote the interests of the printing industries of journalism among ourselves as well as the business interests of the press of the northwest.

H. W. SCOTT, Chairman.
W. W. BAKER,
F. M. THAYER,
A. NOITNER,
THOS. A. SUTHERLAND,
Committee.

SUPREME COURT

SALEM, April 16.

Weiner vs. Lee Sing et al.—Motion to dismiss the case overruled.

Silas A. Jones respondent vs. John Kearns, appellant.—Appeal from Marion county argued and submitted.

April 16.

Alice M. Allen respondent vs. John Akers et al., appellants.—Judgment reversed. Opinion by Thayer, J.

Silas A. Jones respondent vs. John Kearns, appellant.—Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Waldo, J.

Special vs. Allen.—Motion to remand the case, with leave to the appellant to amend his pleadings herein. We have considered this motion and conclude that the proper place to make such application is at the court below. The case will therefore be remanded with the motion and accompanying affidavit upon which it is founded.

PERSONAL.

Mr. A. J. Hatch and wife returned yesterday from an eastern trip.

Mr. Charles M. Holton editor of the Yakima *Republican*, is at the Merchant.

Sam. L. Simpson, Literary Bureau, room 6 over Allen's, First Street.

Buffum & Pendleton—New line of spring and summer Neckwear and Underwear.

CARPETS at Cost. G. SHINDLER & CO.

A VISIT TO THE DREDGE.

Something of how she Worked and more about Incidental of the Voyage.

The excursion extended to the company by Captain Hoyt to visit the city dredge yesterday was accepted by Commissioners Beebner Forbes and Holland who, accompanied by a couple of press representatives supplied with the tender Hunt, left the foot of Washington street at 2 o'clock. The day was a perfect one for pleasure excursion, and the party gathered around the boat and discussed the theory of submarine mining as conductor of heat, and then swan down cliff to the subject of shifting the bottoms of vessels and of the Hermina in particular as that subject had been brought to the attention of the council several times. On reaching the dredge the party found that much had been left undone attached for being the bottom of the dredge to daylight for some time, the dredging worked smoothly and the buckets kept a constant stream of gravel pouring into the scow alongside. The committeemen were much pleased with the workings of the dredger, and expressed the opinion that some of those who had failed to fit with the concern were to inspect it they would change their opinions.

The party then went down on the tender to see a scow load of gravel dumped. Arriving at the proper place, the bottom dropped out of the scow suddenly as it did out of the Villard incline and the gravel went down like shot. A fine sand black dog belonging on the dredge had ventured to the standing on the gravel, and he went through the scow like seapsods down a hill. He was picked up unhurt a few minutes later, but the fright seemed to have sobered him, and was with considerable trouble hauled on board from some time dropped by several members of the party. The OREGONIAN reporter gathered that there had been a plot to get Captain Hoyt to tell the scow to go for a run on the gravel, but the captain got wind of it and frustrated and foiled it by instead joining the excursion. On coming back to the dredger a general inspection of everything was made, and one of the councilmen proposed that they count the knives, forks, spoons and tumblers for the satisfaction of Leader, who had said he would pay for them. Our reporter heard Captain Hoyt tell the steward to be sure and count those articles after the committee had done with them, but could not understand why the order was given. The reporter also detected the well-known detective, Joe Day, among the crew of the dredge in disguise. Joe expects some day to see the remains of Welch, the saddler, brought up in a bucket, and he will then draw his retainer and heard an I gum boots, and go in a steamer and take a hand in the lobster, the debt true, and at once proceed to follow up the trail of Welch's destroyers with the unerring sagacity of a sleuth hound.

BRIEF MENTION.

Bessie Rouse King's Benefit at the Casino tonight.

The family of Uncle Block will leave on Sunday for a trip to Europe.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN published this morning is a number of unusual excellence.

No. 4's engine company will be transferred to its new quarters on Fourth street about next Monday.

The Oregon arrived at Astoria at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon and will leave up at 6 this morning.

I. B. Dawson yesterday took judgment by default against H. Dennison in the sum of $3.02 and costs.

Van B. DeLashmutt returned yesterday from the John Day country, where he bought 100 head of stock horses.

A combination sale of live stock, similar to that of last year, will take place on the 29th inst. at the Gentlemen's driving park.

The German Aid Society will assist in defraying the expenses of the funeral of Caspar Biermann, the suicide which will take place to-day.

George H. Durham yesterday filed his bonds and took the oath of office as master and examiner in chancery of the United States circuit court.

John Barofsky, who is in jail for contempt of court for bothering his wife when ordered not to do so, will have a hearing before Judge Stearns to-day.

The divorce case of Gertrude Howard against Fred Howard, which is to be heard before Judge Stearns, has again been postponed, this time until May 1.

M. J. Kennedy has brought suit against W. J. Sheean for $250, claimed to be due for the board of defendant's daughter eighteen months and his wife three months.

W. M. King, James Ford and Louis Chantelle all pleaded guilty in the United States district court yesterday to the char

The Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 17, 1885.

COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY, April 16.

Weather alternately clear and cloudy with showers of rain and hail. While Walla Walla reports a light rain last night other points in Eastern Oregon and Washington Territory generally report clear weather and cool.

Overland receipts include 50 cars of hops, 1,000 kegs syrup, 125 cigars.

The future of the week from a local standpoint first on the welcome rain of Sunday, followed up today which extended the length of the Willamette valley added new impetus to the growth of grain and furnished moisture for the completion of spring work. The effect is not to stop seeding, for it will doubtless receive all needed moisture at an early date. In certain circles all eyes have been centered upon foreign politics and affairs until these became complicated the general markets rose rapidly abroad and at home. The markets of our own country kept very even pace with those abroad, the highest figure being reached Monday and Tuesday. Yesterday came a weaker turn but this seems again lost to-day. The future is clouded and marked by great uncertainty. Should all probability of war be renewed the markets may be expected to recede and possibly back down to the old figures. Yet this possibility is not likely to be wholly realized for American sellers will have gained a point in any event that must not be lost sight of. Lower prices abroad will have an effect to tighten the grip of American sellers, and the holding back for a turn will doubtless prevent a drop to old prices. The market has lost none of its statistical strength and the very probable fact that America's coming crop is to be a short one or at least below that of last year will be pointed out as a reason for expecting better prices. The time has about arrived when the western stages will have all their acreage sown. Then reports will be worthy of credence. That the crop is to be a large one is not doubted there is only the question as to how much less it is to be open for discussion.

Now that there promises to be a demand for wheat operators are turning their attention to the probable surplus remaining in Oregon and Washington. With the crude and rather unsatisfactory means at command of ascertaining the quantity remaining it becomes a difficult matter to furnish a fair estimate. That there is little to come out of the eastern section is apparent. Buyers have recently secured those parts and have taken pretty much all that can be forwarded to tidewater before next harvest. About all that is available is now held by shippers and millers. In Umatilla county a few small lots are known to be held, but the aggregate would hardly make up an average cargo. In the Walla Walla neighborhood it is estimated the last large lot—20,000 bushels—having recently been sold to a shipper. On the river may be said 2000 to 3000 tons the most of which has passed out of the hands. The mills will need all remaining before these figures up the next one and a half month, and probably no more than 2000 tons will be available for shipment. We have shown as well the situation in the Willamette valley exclusive of parcels held or controlled by millers, at about 15,000 tons. Of this there is no certainty as to what amount will be marketed. In the promise of better values holders will part slowly with their product and buying must be difficult. Stocks in warehouse here are light certainly no more than sufficient to load the present chartered fleet. With less than 30,000 tons to be moved prior to September 1 the export movement must be both light and slow. To carry this quantity there can be no scarcity of tonnage. We have in port disengaged and soon to arrive just about the capacity required to carry it. Freights can show little change without the San Francisco market makes a marked move and wheat is quite certain to receive any benefit or suffer any depression reported from abroad.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—Past 24 hours, 12,000 ctls wheat, 568 bbls flour, 508 ctls oats, 100 ctls bran, 118 ctls millstuff, 137 sks potatoes, 141 bxs lides, 168 cs eggs, 540 lbs hops, 62 bxs fruit, 20 pkgs butter. Also 4406 ctls wheat, 200 bbls flour, 614 ctls barley from the eastern section.

EXPORTS—Per str State of California to San Francisco 5640 ctls wheat, 65 bxs apples, 85 bd, 990 qr sks flour, 12,750 sks potatoes, 37 sks onions, 196 sks oats, 2400 lbs wool, 1 bl bearskins, 45 dry hides, 6 bls calfskins, 38 bls sheepskins, 6 bls deerskins, 13 sks leather, 6 cs pants, 6 cs cashmeres, 4 cs flannels, 42 cans tallow, 67 sks bones, 3 bls junk, 14,680 lbs scrap iron, 30 tons pig iron, 1000 bbls bulk, $20,435 treasure.

FREIGHTS—Arrivals in the week were the Edward Carey, under prior charter for grain, and Kitty and Elma disengaged the latter's charter having lapsed. There are no sailings clearances or charters to report. Vessels in port getting slow despatch or charterers not being disposed to fill them on a rising grain market. In freights the week has been one of extreme dullness and the monotony does not promise to be soon relieved for cargo stuff is difficult to secure and asking rates cannot well be paid. Our markets are actually cheaper than it appears to be. We usually have to pay about 10s higher than San Francisco whereas at the present time there is no more than 2s 6d difference, without responding to the recent advance below. An actual quotation is difficult some agents contending that 2s 6d could be had while shippers say 40s would be a top figure. The true market is probably not over 40s as the tonnage supply is ample for all probable needs and certainly for all early requirements or probable uses. Without violent changes in the general situation no advance need be anticipated, and without owners show decided weakness a decline is equally distant. There is now in berth 7000 tons register waiting no more than enough cargo held by charterers to load it and there is 9000 tons register seeking business with no selling movement manifest on the part of grain holders and no market demand for it, grows floated. We must await some settled turn in affairs before local conditions will adjust themselves to the situation.

REGISTERED TONNAGE STATEMENT.

In port—Chartered for grain	891
Iron disengaged	6,795
Wood disengaged	3,601
Wood for sale	1,217—18,36.
On way—Due April May	2,730
Due later on	4,43—5,97

WHEAT—The week has been marked by great excitement in other grain circles and by as much as could reasonably be expected in a local way. Under war rumors the foreign markets advanced, but not to an extent that is definable quotations varied being rather seller's prices than figures that would be promptly paid. To a great extent sellers held back in the hope of securing cash and conservative buyers held back in fear of a sudden drop. As compared with last Thursday prices are really no better. Chicago opening quotations today as against one week ago show a loss of 1c in May, a loss of 1½c in June and a gain of 2c in July options prices to-day being much lower than yesterday or for several days in the week. The weakness to-day is due to reports received yesterday and to-day from abroad. The afternoon London market being weaker. Probably Liverpool spot is a better guide to foreign values at this time than cargoes and the spot advance has been only 5d per cental or less than 2s per quarter. This advance cannot safely be said to be established for it is as easily open to attack as are cargo values. Operators here have not kept pace with weaker freights and higher cargoes having their hands full of high chartered ships will have to be loaded on a rising wheat market. In San Francisco market has been in a feverish state through reasons well known to readers here both by rather unfavorable crop reports and a increased surplus. Of the local market no cannot say much. Desirable sales have been confined to cash lots of valley at $1 30 and some W. W. Walla at $1 22½. While these figures may not be obtainable extreme they are deemed safe estimate. Holders have visible to mark their wheat possessed of a selling disposition and buyers have not chared to talk, they except the holder talk. Present freight market considered our market should be very nearly San Francisco quotations but such is not the case for there are no cheap freights and to ship to San Francisco no more than $1 30 could be paid here.

FLOUR—An advance of 25c was noted early in the week and later on there was an expressed intention of establishing a further and similar advance but the weaker tone to wheat renders the probability of a second advance uncertain. Much will depend on the local wheat market and holders willingness to let go for the wheat market may develop local strength in spite of declines elsewhere. Quote standard $4 25 others $3 75@4. The foreign movement is an inactive one but liberal shipments are going to San Francisco.

MILLSTUFF—Receipts have been quite liberal in the week and have replenished stocks. Trade is only local in character and values have undergone no change other than from first hands has ruled weaker. Quote jobbing values: Bran $13@12, chop $16@20, shorts $14@1 middlings $18@20.

OATS—New strength has been manifest by reason of the better tone at San Francisco and lessened offerings of good to choice feed. Inferior qualities are more than plentiful but dealers cannot handle much of them and consumers are freely supplied. Rains in California have checked any advance that seemed probable and the market is not expected to show decided change in the week. milling sold at 40c good to choice feed at 37½@38c, the latter figure being rather a fancy price. We quote $36.50 for best feed qualities, and 25@30 for poor to common.

POTATOES—The San Francisco market has backed down to about the lowest range and our own market fell off in sympathy. Outgoing steamers and sailers are taking only small lots and buyers do not take hold. Sacked is selling at 50@55c and buyers do not take hold. Sacked is selling at 50@55c and shippers generally refuse to operate. Quote 60@65c.

ONIONS—Still in good supply and demand. Quote 1½@2c per lb.

FRUITS—Apples in good supply and demand. Quote 1½@2c per lb.

CITRUS FRUITS—Oranges firm also on basis of $7 50 @8 50 for fancy. Lemons firm at $5@6 50 for fancy. Limes firm at $5@6 per hundred. Bananas $4@5 per bunch. Pineapples $4@5 per dozen.

VEGETABLES—Vegetables are in good demand and quotations are unchanged. Quote: Cabbage 2c per lb; rhubarb 2c per lb; asparagus 15c per lb; horseradish 10c per lb; beets 1c per lb; turnips 1c per lb; carrots 1c per lb; parsnips 1c per lb; garlic 10c per lb; green peas 10c per lb; string beans 10c per lb; cauliflower $1 per doz; tomatoes 25c per lb; cucumbers 25c per doz; sweet potatoes 5c per lb; artichokes 10c per lb; celery 10c per bunch; green corn 10c per doz; peppers 10c per lb; egg plant 10c per lb; sprouts 10c per lb; dried peas 3c per lb; dried beans 3c per lb; dried corn 3c per lb; dried okra 3c per lb; dried peppers 3c per lb; dried onions 3c per lb; dried potatoes 3c per lb; dried turnips 3c per lb; dried carrots 3c per lb; dried parsnips 3c per lb; dried garlic 3c per lb; dried celery 3c per lb; dried sprouts 3c per lb; dried asparagus 3c per lb; dried rhubarb 3c per lb; dried horseradish 3c per lb; dried beets 3c per lb; dried cauliflower 3c per lb; dried tomatoes 3c per lb; dried cucumbers 3c per lb; dried sweet potatoes 3c per lb; dried artichokes 3c per lb; dried celery 3c per lb; dried green corn 3c per lb; dried peppers 3c per lb; dried egg plant